Future of quality and quality of future

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What should we focus our research recourses on to support future quality development?

What will be of importance for organizations in the future?



What is quality?

Quality is about meeting needs and expectations among customers...

Quality is about creating value to external and internal customers...



Quality management is a way to develop an organizations ability to create customer value and meet customer needs and expectations with use of as little resources as possible



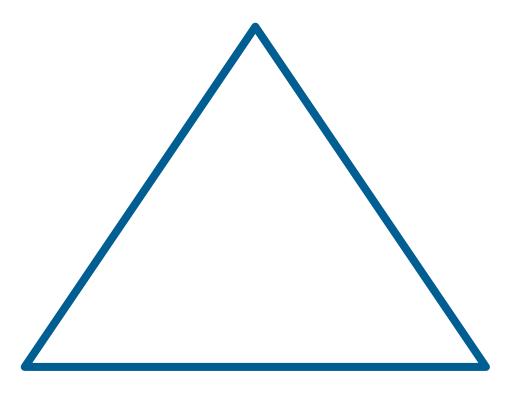
Satisfied customers



Effective processes



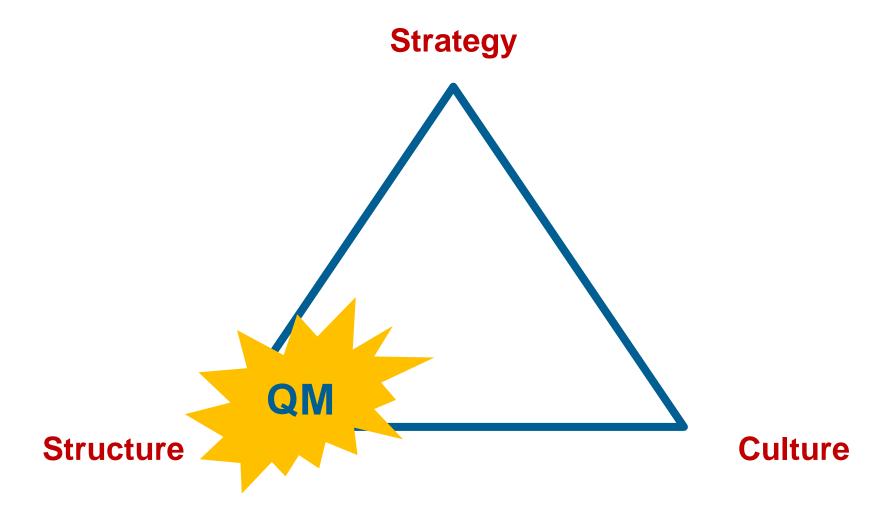




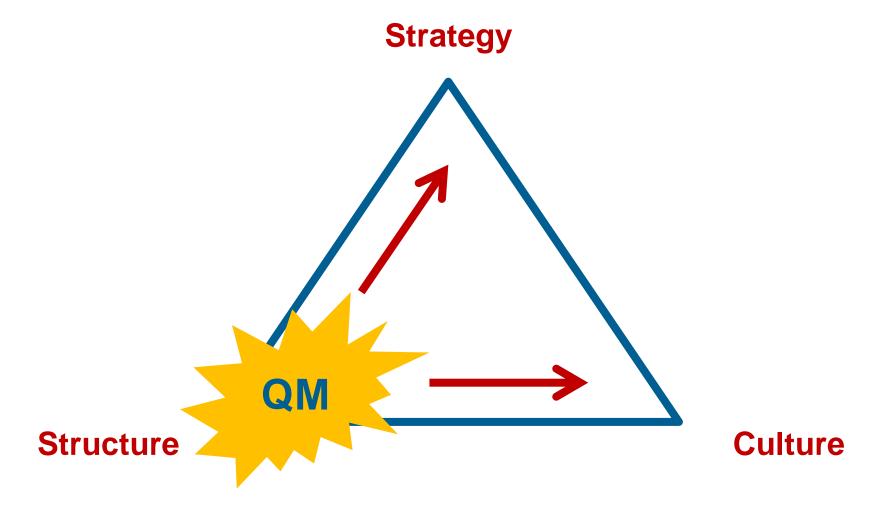
Structure

Culture





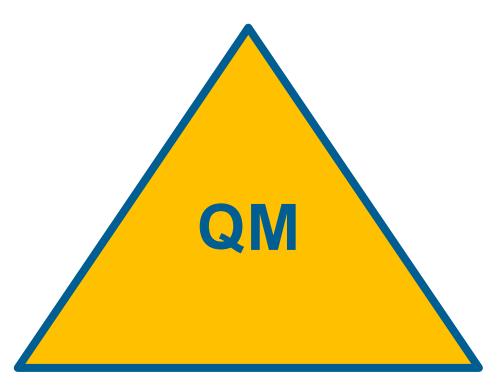






Holistic approach

Strategy



Structure

Culture



Part 1: Quality of future



Major factors effecting quality of the future

- Sustainability and climate change
- Population changes and immigration
- Short time financial focus
- Automation and digitalization
- Global competition situation
- Customer power
- European union situation



















AFFORDABLE AND **CLEAN ENERGY**



DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH



INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE



REDUCED **INEQUALITIES**



SUSTAINABLE CITIES





THE GLOBAL GOALS

For Sustainable Development

RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION



CLIMATE ACTION



LIFE BELOW WATER



LIFE



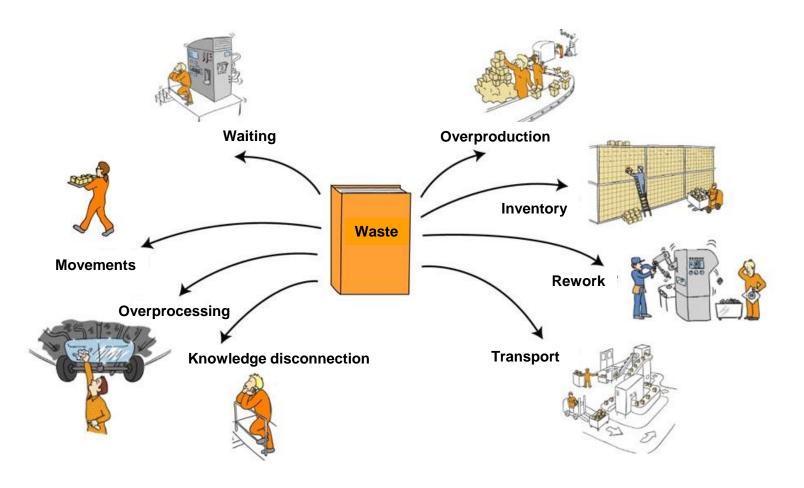


PARTNERSHIPS





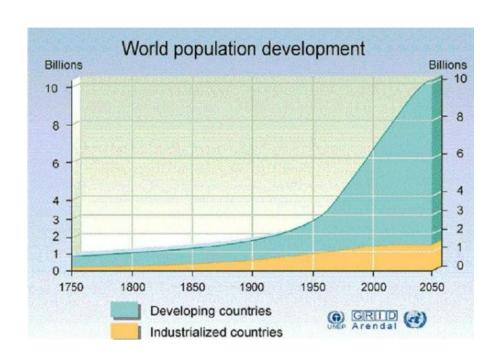
Non-value adding activities waste a lot of resources



Source: Lean



Population changes and immigration

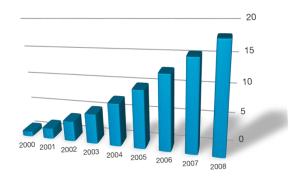






Short time financial focus

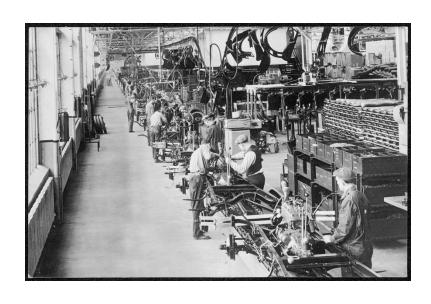
- From long time owners to day traders
- Focus on stock value instead of customer value
- Lack of owner responsibility and competence
- Global financial market







Automation





...but what about our jobs?



Automation







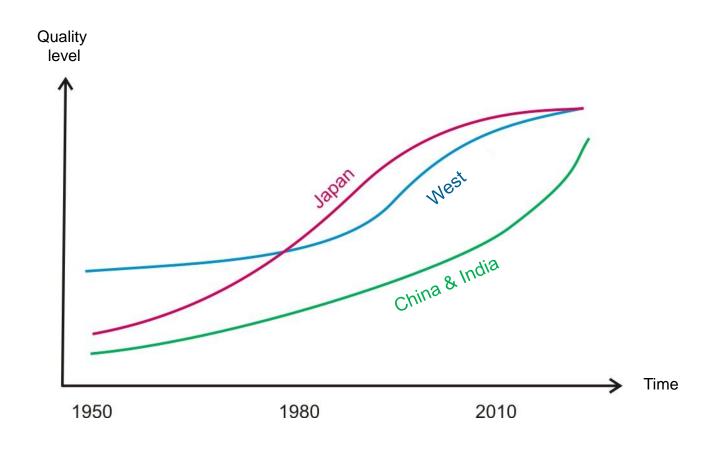








Global competition in quality





Customer power

- From the sellers market to the customers market
- Customer to customer marketing
- Changes in regulations and laws
- Product responsibility
- Digitalization





European union situation







Part 2: Future of quality



What do we do today?







Advisory Panel

Steven Bailey	Principal Consultant and Master Black Belt, DuPont (retired)		
Andrew Baines	Managing Director, ASQ Global		
Beth Cudney	Associate Professor, Missouri University of Science and Technology		
Randi Dunn	Director-QA, Illumina		
Gideon Roth	Chairman, International Affairs Committee, Israeli Society for Quality		
Roberto M. Saco	Principal, Aporia Advisors; Adjunct Professor, Miami Dade College		
Paulo Sampaio	Professor of Quality Engineering and Management, University of Minho		
Lars Sörqvist	Vice President, International Academy for Quality (IAQ)		
Tiia Tammaru	Chairman of the Board, Estonian Association for Quality		







Key Findings

During the analysis of the data, key themes and findings emerged for the Discoveries 2016 study. The structure of the Discoveries 2016 report is organized into five sections. Three of the themes for this year's report are new, and two themes (Qustomer and Culture) have been expanded upon from the Discoveries 2013 Report.

The themes are:

- Quality: Strategic Asset, Competitive Differentiator
 - Shift toward centralized governance
 - Increased frequency of quality metric reporting
- Business Performance Impact
 - Quality has a direct impact on business performance
 - Measurement and visibility of financial impact is limited
- Accelerating "Qustomer"
 - Concept of customer as the only one that can define quality is shifting
 - Customers are still the primary influence on quality programs and business objectives
- 4 Setbacks: Controlled or Not
 - Managing setbacks* continues to be an issue for quality departments
 - Many organizations lack measurement and visibility of setback's financial costs
- 6 Knowledge, Learning, and Culture
 - Knowledge retention and training vary widely globally, as does perceived impact
 - Types of training provided to employees is similar across industries

Top FIVE Quality Challenges



Quality competes for resources in the organization



Use of technology to ensure quality



Lack of uniform quality standards



Use of technology for metrics



Lack of specialized training for employees

www.ASQ.org



^{*} For the purposes of this report, a setback is defined as a quality-related problem (e.g. product defects, service delays, recalls, etc.) resulting in a consequence(s) that impedes organizational success.

10 Steps to World-Class Quality, 2016–2020

- 1 Consider if and how your quality organization and senior executive management understand and leverage quality and continuous improvement throughout the enterprise, as a competitive differentiator and as a strategic asset.
- Assess your organization's culture of quality to identify strengths and opportunities (see www.asq.org/culture-of-quality/assessment/).
- Gauge and communicate expenses reduced and avoided through quality tools, as well as revenue growth and customer loyalty gained.
- Inventory the quality and continuous improvement measures your organization uses and the reporting frequency and degree of visibility or transparency for those measures. Then, enact steps to improve and accelerate the decision-making process based on critical metrics.
- 5 Review the incentives your organization provides to drive quality performance. Improve and align incentives and rewards to recognize positive results, behaviors, and overall performance from the senior ranks to those closest to your customers and suppliers.
- 6 Create plans and programs and leverage technology to assure knowledge is transferred and built upon so that wisdom and experience is shared, locally and globally.
- Review the types of quality-related training your organization needs and any new competencies needed; assess gaps and opportunities to develop new skills and analytics; and tie these investments to the overall business operations and strategy.
- 8 Perform a thorough review to assess the intersection between the customer and quality, Qustomer, (such as customer feedback is shared with the customer, metrics on performance against customer needs is shared internally, etc.) and identify gaps and opportunities.
- Assess the quality processes and management systems between your organization and those throughout the supply chain and sourcing; prioritize gaps and opportunities; and develop a joint strategy to improve performance, short- and long-term.
- Consider how world-class you are in reality and where you could better connect quality and continuous improvement plans, programs, and priorities—both today and tomorrow—to your:
 - business focus and strategy,
 - key measures,
 - talent management and training,
 - industry and management understanding, use, and compliance with standards, and
 - technology, automation, and big data.



Predict the future by understanding history...



Trendy methods or maturity?

Historically and today

- Quality circles
- Just in time
- TQM
- ISO 9000
- EFQM/MBNQA
- Process management
- Lean
- Six Sigma
- Innovation
- etc

Future









ISO 9000

TQM

Quality circles

Total quality control

Statistic quality control

1920 1940

1960

1980

2000

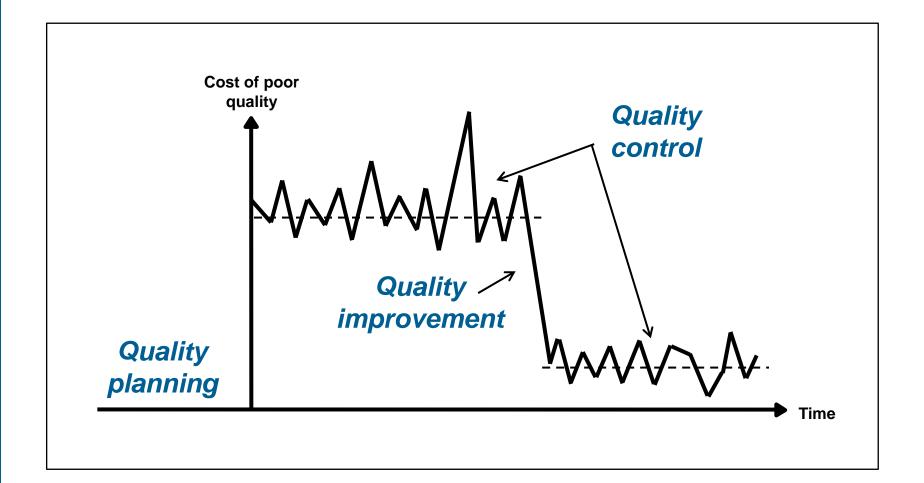
An evolution not a revolution!



MBNQA	EFQM	SIQ	ISO 9004	
Visionary leadership	Leading with vision, inspiration & integrity	Committed leadership	Leadership	
Customer-driven excellence	Adding value for customers	Customer orientation	Customer focus	
Organizational and personal learning	Succeeding through the talent of people	Competence development		
Valuing workforce members and partners		Participation by everyone	Involvement of people	
	Developing organizational capability			
		Process orientation	Process approach	
Managing for innovation	Harnessing creativity & innovation	Continuous improvement	Continual improvement	
		Prevention		
Agility	Managing with agility	Faster response (reactions)		
Management by fact		Management by facts	Factual approach to decision making	
Systems perspective				
Focus on results and creating value	Sustaining outstanding results			
		Interaction	Mutually beneficial supplier relationship	
		Learning from others		
Societal responsibility	Creating a sustainable future	Public responsibility		
Focus on the future		Long-range perspective		



Jurans Trilogy





ASQ Future Study

	1996	1999	2002	2005	2008	2011
1	Changing values	Partnering	Quality must deliver bottom-line results	Globalization	Globalization	Global responsibility
2	Globalization	Learning systems	Management systems increasingly will absorb the quality function	Innovation, creativity and change	Social responsibility	Consumer awareness
3	Information revolution	Adaptability and speed of change	Quality will be everyone's job	Outsourcing	New dimensions for quality	Globalization
4	Velocity of change	Environmental sustainability	The economic case for a broader application of quality will need to be proven	Consumer sophistication	Aging population	Increasing rate of change
5	Increased customer focus	Globalization	Global demand for products and services will create a global workforce	Value creation	Demand for healthcare	Workforce of the future
6	Leadership	Knowledge focus	Declining trust and confidence in business leaders and organizations	Changes in quality	Environmental concerns	Aging population
7	Quality in new areas	Customization and differentiation	Rising customer expectations		21st century technology	21st century quality
8	Changes in quality practices	Shifting demographics				Innovation



The top ten challenges of the SQMA-study



- 1) Shifting ownership of quality work from the quality assurance profession to management
- 2) Adapting the organization to rapid changes in the environment
- 3) Turning quality assurance work into a matter of strategic ownership
- 4) Developing an improvement culture in the organization
- 5) Ability to lead and implement change
- 6) Developing robust processes that are at the same time open to change
- 7) Understanding the needs and expectations of our stakeholders
- 8) Involving customers in improvement work
- 9) Optimizing the organization to achieve desired competitiveness
- 10) Building long-term relationships with the customer



Four major future challenges SQMA-study

- Developing adaptability
- Developing customer collaboration
- Developing accountability for quality
- Developing leadership for change



Major factors effecting quality management in the future

- Fragmentation of the quality profession
- Ownership responsibility and competence



- Establishment of good employeeship
- Interaction with and development of suppliers
- Higher important of quality because of digitalization, sustainability, global competition and customer power
- Need for aligning quality with customer focus
- Quality in new areas





Roles of quality management?

Quality Manager

Business Excellence

Lean Leader



Master Black Belt

Business Development Organization Development

...and what about service industry and public organizations?

What is the training level among quality managers?

Just 31 % of the 550 quality manager that was asked had less than 1 week of training in quality management





What knowledge is needed?



Roles of quality management

(ASQ Certification)

- Biomedical Auditor
- Calibration Technician
- HACCP Auditor
- Lean Certification
- Manager of Quality/Organizational Excellence
- Master Black Belt
- Pharmaceutical GMP Professional
- Quality Auditor
- Quality Engineer

- Quality Improvement Associate
- Quality Inspector
- Quality Process Analyst
- Quality Technician
- Reliability Engineer
- Six Sigma Black Belt
- Six Sigma Green Belt
- Six Sigma Yellow Belt
- Software Quality Engineer



Roles of quality management

(JUSE Seminaries and training courses)

TQM

TQM Seminar for Top Management
TQM Seminar for Managers
TQM Seminar for Section Chiefs
Introductory Course for TQM
Policy Management Seminar
TQM Seminar for Sales Department
Visual Management and Human Error prevention course
International Seminar on TQM (English)

QC Method

QC Basic Course
QC Introductory Course
Quality Management Correspondence Course
Quality Function Deployment Seminar
Introductory Course for P7(New Product Planning 7 Tools)
Introductory Course for New 7 Tools
Problem Solving Skill-up Seminar
Introductory Course for Problem Solving Method/Practice
Task Achieving Type QC Story Seminar for Management

QC Circles

QC Circle Seminar for Managers QC Circle Seminar for QC Circle Leaders Task Achieving Type QC Story Seminar QC Circle Elementary Course for Beginners QC Problem Solving Workshop Coaching Seminar

Software

Software Quality Course for Management Software Quality Course for Engineers Software Quality Course for Design Review Software Quality Course for Project Management Debug Engineering and Test Method course Software Quality Course for Process Improvement

Reliability Engineering

Reliability Engineering Basic Course Reliability Engineering Seminar on FMEA/FTA Reliability Engineering Course on Design Review Reliability Engineering Course for Reliability Test Reliability Engineering Course for Fault Analysis Introductory Course for Product Liability and Safety Risk Assessment course using R-Map method

Design of Experiment/Multivariate Analysis

Basic Course for Design of Experiment Introductory Course for Multivariate Analysis

IE/IV/Cost Management/Sensory Evaluation

IE Basic Course for improvement Cost Management Seminar Sensory Evaluation Seminar

Medicine

Statistical Analysis Course for Clinical Testing Biomedical Statistics Seminar Medical Writing Seminar Pharmacoepidemiology Seminar

ISO Management System

ISO 9000 Quality Management System Course for Internal Auditor Training ISO 9000 Seminar for Top Management ISO 9000 Seminar for Managers Seminar on ISO 9001 QMS Requirement Seminar on ISO/TS 16949 Requirement for Automobile Industries ISO 14001 Environmental Management System Auditor Training Course ISO 14001 EMS Internal Auditor Training Course Seminar on ISO 14001 EMS Requirement ISO22000 FSMS Course Information Security Management System Course General Management System Introductory Seminar for QMS/EMS/OHSMS

ISO 9000 Quality Management System Auditor Training Course

Future model for continual improvements



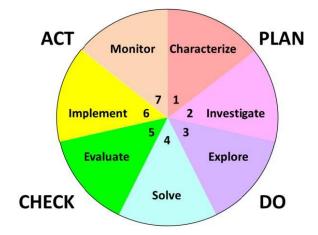
EOQ Conference Helsinki, Finland 2 June 2016

Designed Improvement:

NEXTGEN Quality Thinking

Gregory H. Watson, Chair IAQ Designed Improvement Think Tank

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Contradictions in quality management



- Creating robust processes and at the same time agility
- Long-range focus in a short time world
- Simplify things and at the same time develop complex methods
- Develop a strong quality profession and at the same time move quality responsibility to management
- Involvement of people and acting in an objective way
- Create cost effective processes and focus on delivering customer value
- Working locally with a cross-functional perspective
- Bottom-up and top-down



www.sandholm.se

